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Bureau of Justice Assistance Forensics Unit Programs

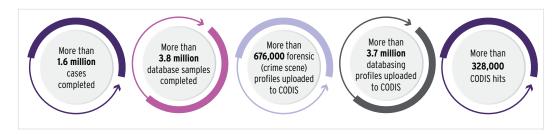


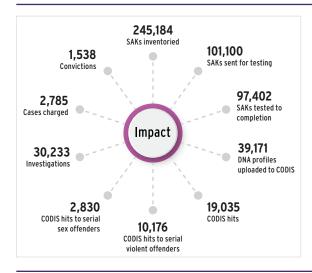
The **Bureau of Justice Assistance (BJA)** seeks to strengthen America's communities by supporting state, local, and tribal jurisdictions to overcome challenges faced by the criminal justice system. In alignment with this mission, BJA provides federal funding through the following forensic science programs to combat violent crime, resolve cases, lower recidivism, increase public safety, and enhance justice.

DNA Capacity Enhancement for Backlog Reduction (CEBR) Program

The **CEBR Program** provides federal funding for publicly funded accredited forensic DNA laboratories to process, and increase capacity to process, eligible samples for entry into the Federal Bureau of Investigation's (FBI's) Combined DNA Index System (CODIS). The goal of this program is to increase the capacity of publicly funded forensic DNA and DNA database laboratories to process more DNA samples, thereby helping reduce the number of forensic DNA and DNA database samples awaiting analysis.

To learn more about the CEBR Program and potential funding opportunities, please visit DNA Capacity Enhancement for Backlog Reduction (CEBR) Program.





National Sexual Assault Kit Initiative (SAKI) Program

The **SAKI Program** aims to create an improved response to sexual assault, sexually motivated homicides, and other violent cold case crimes. SAKI assists jurisdictions with promoting survivor healing by implementing improved, victim-centered policies and practices; building capacity to prevent future accumulation of sexual assault kits (SAKs) and other forensic evidence; creating effective testing strategies for violent crime evidence; and supporting investigative and prosecutorial strategies to ensure just resolution to violent crime cases whenever possible. SAKI jurisdictions are reducing violent crime by identifying and apprehending violent offenders, thereby improving public safety and criminal justice outcomes.

To learn more about the **SAKI Program** and potential funding opportunities, please visit <u>National Sexual Assault Kit Initiative (SAKI) Program</u>.

Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants (Coverdell) Program

The **Coverdell Program** provides federal funding for state and local government units to improve the quality and timeliness of forensic science and medical examiner/coroner (ME/C) services. This program helps reduce the backlog of forensic evidence analysis requests awaiting processing, build capacity of forensic laboratories and ME/C offices, and make training more accessible for forensic science and ME/C professionals.

To learn more about the **Coverdell Program** and potential funding opportunities, please visit <u>Paul Coverdell Forensic Science Improvement Grants (Coverdell) Program</u>.

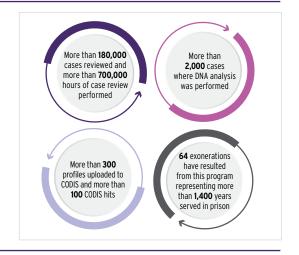
From FY2011-FY2021, Coverdell Program funds were used to:

- Analyze more than 1.7 million backlogged cases resulting in more than 350 agencies decreasing their backlogged cases
- Support more than 18,000 forensic personnel, more than 2,000 medical examiners/coroners, and more than 30 pathologists (FY2021 only) to attend training
- Help more than **390** agencies improve their timeliness in case analysis
- Enable more than 20 agencies obtain initial accreditation between FY2017-FY2021
- Assist more than 20 forensic personnel complete certification in FY2021
- Identify the presence of controlled substances in more than 80% of seized drug cases tested in FY2021

Postconviction Testing of DNA Evidence (Postconviction) Program

The **Postconviction Program** provides federal funding for state and local government units to defray the costs associated with postconviction DNA testing in cases of violent felony offenses (as defined by state law) in which actual innocence might be demonstrated. This program helps grantees identify potential postconviction DNA testing cases, conduct case reviews, locate case-associated biological evidence, perform DNA analysis, and report DNA test results.

To learn more about the **Postconviction Program** and potential funding opportunities, please visit <u>Postconviction Testing of DNA Evidence (Postconviction) Program</u>.



Since 2019, COLD Program funds were used to:

- Upload multiple suspect profiles to CODIS, Integrated Automated Fingerprint Identification System (IAFIS/AFIS)
- Identify 78 suspects who were initially unknown
- ✓ **Prosecute 19** cases that have resulted in convictions
- ✓ Identify 30 suspects via Forensic Genetic Genealogy work
- Charge or indict 46 cases
- Resolve 78 cold cases

Prosecuting Cold Cases Using DNA (COLD) Program

The **COLD Program** provides federal funding for agencies to resolve violent cold case crimes by providing them with resources to investigate and prosecute cases where a suspect's DNA profile has been generated. This program aims to decrease the number of unresolved violent cold case crimes awaiting prosecution.

To learn more about the **Cold Program** and potential funding opportunities, please visit <u>Prosecuting Cold Cases Using DNA (COLD) Program</u>.

Strengthening the Medical Examiner-Coroner (ME/C) System Program

The **ME/C Program** provides federal funding to help address medicolegal death investigation (MDI) workforce needs to increase the number of practicing board-certified forensic pathologists and to support ME/C offices' needs to implement and follow quality standards and performance criteria in an effort to provide a consistent and equitable application of MDI services.

To learn more about the **ME/C Program** and potential funding opportunities, please visit <u>Strengthening the Medical Examiner-Coroner (ME/C) System</u> Program.



Since its inception in 2022, MUHR Program funds were used to:

- Make 24 identifications via CODIS associations
- Make 13 identifications via direct DNA comparisons
- Make 21 identifications via other methodologies such as fingerprints
- Repatriate 39 cases to relatives or next of kin

Missing and Unidentified Human Remains (MUHR) Program

The newly formed **MUHR Program** provides federal funding to eligible entities so they can improve reporting, transportation, forensic testing, and identification of missing persons and unidentified human remains in the United States, including migrants. This program provides funding directly to state and local jurisdictions to help them become more self-reliant and self-sufficient in reducing their backlog of missing persons and unidentified human remains cases.

To learn more about the **MUHR Program** and potential funding opportunities, please visit <u>Missing and Unidentified Human Remains (MUHR) Program</u>.

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